



The air bubble detector **SONOCHECK ABD07/xx-1** is used to detect air or gas bubbles in flexible plastic tubes and is intended to prevent air infusions. The sensor has no contact with the liquid and is suitable for applications particularly in medical devices. Designed as a component for fixed installation in machines and equipment it can be mechanically and electrically integrated.

The sensor sensitivity can be adapted to the requirements of individual operating conditions on request.

Technical	data	

SONOCHECK type ABD07/xx-1 Air Bubble Detector				
Measuring method	Ultrasound			
Bubble sensitivity	Depends on sensor version and tube diameter, adjustment of the bubble sensitivity on request			
Measuring cycle	200 µs			
Response time, Holding time	Minimum < 1 ms, typical 2 ms On request: Delays or holding times for bubble events			
Operating temperature	+5 °C to +60 °C			
Materials	Transducer and electronics potted in plastic housing			
Version/designs	The sensor version depends on the tube diameter, the hardness of the tube and its wall thickness.			
Requirements for tube	Parameter	Property		
	Outer diameter	3.2 to 9.6 mm, according to specification of the sensor		
	Wall thickness	Optimum: 10 to 20 % of outer diameter		
	Material	Plastic, e.g. PVC, PE, silicone, PUR Other materials on request or after test only		
	Special Features	Tube must be smooth on outside, no fabric tube		
	Elasticity	Tube must be able to adjust flexibly		
	Tube is inserted into sensor in dry condition			
Liquid requirements	Water, blood, solutions or other low-viscosity liquids containing no or few solids			



Mounting	Via 2 recessed holes on rear side of sensor (see technical drawings); self-tapping screws for plastics, Ø 3 mm, screw-in depth: min. 4 mm, max. 6 mm				
	Plane mounting with complete surface required; Maximum torque: 0.6 Nm				
Protection	IP67				
Cleaning	⚠ Caution!				
	 Incorrect cleaning of the ABD07/xx-1 sensor and its components can present a hazard for the user. Cleaning is prohibited in a steam sterilizer or with hot steam in general with white spirit or acetone by immersion in solvents or other liquids 				
Operating voltage	+5 ± 0.2 VDC				
Current consumption	≤ 30 mA				
Connecting cable	4 x single wires; firmly connected to the sensor; length: 50 ± 2 cm				
Inputs and outputs	Color	Connection			
	Red	Operating voltage			
	Yellow	ABD-IN, Bubble test input (5 V logic, TTL) Test of the sensor by simulating a bubble, L-active ABD-OUT, Output (5 V logic, TTL)			
	White				
	Blue	Ground (GND)			
ABD-OUT	▲ Attention: The sensor output is not short circuit proof, any overvoltage or overcurrent exceeding the maximum rating will permanently damage the sensor (max. voltage: 5.5 V; max output current 8 mA).				
	Default configuration				
	Condition	Signal at output ABD-OUT (H/L: TTL output)	LED		
	Air/Bubble	Н	red		
	Liquid	L	green		
	Internal error (self-test)	Η			
	Alternative configurations				
	Switching output: the specification of the output levels can be adjusted • Serial interface • Pulse-width-modulation, width of pulse depends on bubble size				



ABD-IN, Bubble test	The bubble test input triggers the sensor to simulate bubbles.								
input	Please note: At high flow rates (flow speed > 500 mm/s) the sensor might miss real bubbles during this period!								
	In default configuration the signal is low active. The minimum pulse width is 1 ms. During this period the transmitted ultrasonic pulses are decreased. This reduced signal is processed by the sensor in the same way as a real bubble would be processed. That means, the sensor does not differentiate between a real bubble and the test, the output ABD-OUT is set to 'Air/Bubble' (H), and the LED is set to red. To ensure, that the sensor is working properly, the machine which controls the sensor should trigger this bubble test periodically. The machine should check, whether the sensor output is set to 'Air/Bubble' as reaction on the input pulse.					In default configuration the signal is low active. The minimum pulse width is 1 ms. During this period the transmitted ultrasonic pulses are decreased. This reduced signal is processed by the sensor in the same way as a real bubble would be processed. That means, the sensor does not differentiate between a real bubble and the test, the output ABD-OUT is set to 'Air/Bubble' (H), and the LED is set to red.			
	Input ABD-IN:								
	minimum pulse width: 1 ms								
	Output ABD-OUT:								
	Personance time to pulse: max 0.8 ms								
	Response time to pulse. max. 0.8 ms								
	Timing diagram of bubble test								
Directives/standards	 The sensors were developed to be tested with respect to the following standards: Safety Requirements: IEC 60601-1:2005 (3rd edition) EMC: EN 60601-1-2:2007 (3rd edition) Acoustic Output (Ultrasonic): IEC 61157:2007 								
Scope of delivery	 SONOCHECK air bubble detector, type ABD07/xx-1 Technical data sheet 								
Accessories/options	 ABD Monitor for configuration and diagnostics, consisting of: USB data converter (Type 007) USB cable, type A-B, length 1.5 m CD with ABD Monitor software 								



Technical drawings





Sensor dimensions in mm [inch] (The drawings are not to scale)

Specification	ABD07/25-1		ABD07/30-1		ABD07/50-1		ABD07/80-1	
	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]	[mm]	[inch]
Outer diameter of tube	3.2	1/8	4.0	0.157	6.4	1/4	9.6	3/8
CW: Channel width	2.5	0.1	3.2	0.125	5.1	0.2	7.9	0.31
CD: Channel depth	8.25	0.325	8.9	0.35	10.2	0.4	13.3	0.524
H: Sensor height	15.75	0.62	16.5	0.65	17.8	0.7	21	0.827
Order number	200 02 0087		200 02 0088		200 02 0089		200 02 0090	

Information for ordering

Drawings are not to scale. Information is subject to change without notice!

HEADQUARTERS GERMANY

SONOTEC GmbH Nauendorfer Str. 2 06112 Halle (Saale) Germany

Tel.: +49 (0)345 / 133 17- 0 sales_eu@sonotec.de www.sonotec.eu

AMERICAS

SONOTEC US Inc. 190 Blydenburgh Rd Suite 8, 2nd Floor Islandia, New York 11749, USA

Phone: +1 631 / 415 4758 sales@sonotecusa.com www.sonotecusa.com